



Surds and Brackets



REVISE THIS TOPIC



For the entire booklet

1 Expand and simplify $\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{6} + 5)$ [2 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{18} + 5\sqrt{3} \\ & = \sqrt{9 \times 2} + 5\sqrt{3} \\ & = 3 \times \sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{3} \\ \text{Answer } & \underline{3\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

2 Expand and simplify $\sqrt{5}(3 - \sqrt{10})$ [2 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} & 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{50} \\ & = 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{25 \times 2} \\ & = 3\sqrt{5} - 5 \times \sqrt{2} \\ \text{Answer } & \underline{3\sqrt{5} - 5\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

3 Expand and simplify $\sqrt{8}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})$ [2 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{16} + \sqrt{40} \\ & = 4 + \sqrt{4 \times 10} \\ & = 4 + 2 \times \sqrt{10} \\ \text{Answer } & \underline{4 + 2\sqrt{10}} \end{aligned}$$

4 Expand and simplify $\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{2})$ [3 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{48} + \sqrt{12} \\ & = \sqrt{16 \times 3} + \sqrt{4 \times 3} \\ & = 4\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} \\ \text{Answer } & \underline{6\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$





5 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{2} + 1)(\sqrt{2} + 3)$ [2 marks]

$$2 + 3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} + 3$$

Answer $5 + 4\sqrt{2}$

6 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{5} - 2)(\sqrt{5} + 6)$ [2 marks]

$$5 + 6\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 12$$

Answer $4\sqrt{5} - 7$

7 Expand and simplify $(7 - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{2} + 10)$ [2 marks]

$$7\sqrt{2} + 70 - 2 - 10\sqrt{2}$$

Answer $68 - 3\sqrt{2}$

8 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{11} + 1)^2$ [2 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} &(\sqrt{11} + 1)(\sqrt{11} + 1) \\ &= 11 + \sqrt{11} + \sqrt{11} + 1 \end{aligned}$$

Answer $12 + 2\sqrt{11}$





9 Expand and simplify $(3\sqrt{6} + 4)(2\sqrt{6} - 5)$ [3 marks]

$$6\sqrt{36} - 15\sqrt{6} + 8\sqrt{6} - 20$$

$$= 6 \times 6 - 7\sqrt{6} - 20$$

$$= 36 - 7\sqrt{6} - 20$$

Answer $16 - 7\sqrt{6}$

10 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2})$ [2 marks]

$$6 - \sqrt{12} + \sqrt{12} - 2$$

$$= 6 - 2$$

Answer 4

11 $(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{10} - 2) = k\sqrt{2}$ where k is an integer. [3 marks]
Work out the value of k .

$$\sqrt{50} - 2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{20} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= \sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 5\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2}$$

$k = 3$

12 $(2\sqrt{3} + 5)(3\sqrt{3} + 5) = a + b\sqrt{3}$ where a and b are integers. [3 marks]
Work out the values of a and b .

$$6\sqrt{9} + 10\sqrt{3} + 15\sqrt{3} + 25$$

$$= 18 + 25\sqrt{3} + 25$$

$$= 43 + 25\sqrt{3}$$

$a = 43$ $b = 25$





13

 $\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{8} + 5) + 5(3 - \sqrt{18}) = x - y\sqrt{2}$ where x and y are integers.Work out the values of x and y .

[4 marks]

$$\sqrt{16} + 5\sqrt{2} + 15 - 5\sqrt{18}$$

$$= 4 + 5\sqrt{2} + 15 - 5 \times \sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{2}$$

$$= 4 + 5\sqrt{2} + 15 - 5 \times 3 \times \sqrt{2}$$

$$= 4 + 5\sqrt{2} + 15 - 15\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 19 - 10\sqrt{2}$$

$$x = \underline{19} \quad y = \underline{10}$$

14

 $3\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{5}) + \sqrt{6}(\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{24}) = p + q\sqrt{3}$ where p and q are integers.Work out the values of p and q .

[4 marks]

$$3\sqrt{75} + 3\sqrt{25} + \sqrt{48} + \sqrt{144}$$

$$= 3 \times \sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{3} + 3 \times 5 + \sqrt{16} \times \sqrt{3} + 12$$

$$= 15\sqrt{3} + 15 + 4\sqrt{3} + 12$$

$$= 27 + 19\sqrt{3}$$

$$p = \underline{27} \quad q = \underline{19}$$

15

Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{3} + 4)^3$

[4 marks]

$$(\sqrt{3} + 4)(\sqrt{3} + 4)(\sqrt{3} + 4)$$

$$= (3 + 4\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{3} + 16)(\sqrt{3} + 4)$$

$$= (19 + 8\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3} + 4)$$

$$= 19\sqrt{3} + 76 + 24 + 32\sqrt{3}$$

$$= 100 + 51\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{Answer } \underline{100 + 51\sqrt{3}}$$





16 Show clearly that $(\sqrt{3} + 2)^2 + (5 - 2\sqrt{3})^2 - (8 - \sqrt{3})^2$ is equal to an integer. [5 marks]

$$(\sqrt{3} + 2)^2 = 3 + 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} + 4 = 7 + 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$(5 - 2\sqrt{3})^2 = 25 - 10\sqrt{3} - 10\sqrt{3} + 12 = 37 - 20\sqrt{3}$$

$$(8 - \sqrt{3})^2 = 64 - 8\sqrt{3} - 8\sqrt{3} + 3 = 67 - 16\sqrt{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (7 + 4\sqrt{3}) + (37 - 20\sqrt{3}) - (67 - 16\sqrt{3}) \\ &= 7 + 4\sqrt{3} + 37 - 20\sqrt{3} - 67 + 16\sqrt{3} \\ &= -23 \text{ (integer)} \end{aligned}$$

17 $\frac{\sqrt{10}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{10}) + \sqrt{3}(5\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{15})}{(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2})} = a + \sqrt{5}$ where a is an integer.

Work out the value of a [6 marks]

$$\frac{\sqrt{20} + 10 + 5\sqrt{36} + \sqrt{45}}{7 - 2\sqrt{7} + 2\sqrt{7} - 2} = \frac{2\sqrt{5} + 10 + 30 + 3\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$= \frac{40 + 5\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$= 8 + \sqrt{5}$$

$a =$ 8

