

PRACTICE PAPER FOR

Edexcel Paper 3H (June 2025)

------ Disclaimer ------This paper has been created based on the most common paper 3 topics from previous years and also careful analysis of what topics have already appeared in paper 1/2. The paper should be excellent at helping students revise for exams, however should not be relied upon as the basis for revision. The topics from this paper may well appear in the real exams, however there is absolutely no guarantee of this. Some topics may appear, some may not. Anybody giving you any sort of guarantee is misleading you. If any topics or questions from this paper do come up, this is just lucky guessing and nothing more. ©

Ultimately the best way to prepare for the exams is to revise all topics.

You can find a link to this paper and many more completely free resources at <u>www.1stclassmaths.com</u>

----- Copyright -----

This paper and all resources hosted on the website <u>www.1stclassmaths.com</u> are free for personal and educational use only.

I do not give permission for reproduction, modification, distribution, or commercial exploitation of these materials in any format including use on third party websites and social media platforms without prior written permission. For permission requests please contact me via email.

Full copyright notice at https://www.1stclassmaths.com/copyrightnotice



www.1stclassmaths.com

	Derived the second seco
	Answer ALL questions
	Write your answers in the spaces provided
	You must write down all the stages in your working.
1	(a) Expand and simplify fully $9(h+2) - 5(h-3)$
	(2)
	(b) Simplify $\frac{3n^2}{2n^2m}$
	(3) (Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)
2	The first four terms of an arithmetic sequence are
	9 15 21 27
	Write down an expression, in terms of <i>n</i> , for the <i>n</i> th term of the sequence.
	(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)
	2

© 2025 1stclassmaths



- **3** $\mathscr{E} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$
 - $A = \{$ square numbers $\}$
 - $B = \{ odd numbers \}$
 - (a) Complete the Venn diagram for this information.



$\sqrt{4-\pi}$	
Write down all the figures on your calculator display.	
	(2)
(b) Round your answer from part (a) to 2 significant figures.	
(Tota	(1) Il for Question 5 is 3 marks)
Noah invests £5000 in a savings account for 4 years. The account pays compound interest.	
After 1 year Noah's investment is worth £5200 Work out how much Noah's investment is worth after 4 years	
work out now much roan's investment is worth after 4 years.	
Œat	£



7 The table shows information about the race times, *t* seconds, of 8 athletes in an 800 m race.

Time, t (seconds)	Frequency
$125 < t \le 130$	1
$130 < t \le 135$	3
$135 < t \le 140$	4

(a) Use this information to work out an estimate for the mean race time of the 8 athletes.

One of the athletes ran the race with an average speed of 6.1 m/s.

(b) Did this athlete win the race? Show working to support your answer.

(3)

...... seconds (3)

(Total for Question 7 is 6 marks)







9 The cumulative frequency graph shows some information about the body temperatures, $T \,^{\circ}$ C, of 40 patients who visited a doctor's surgery.



A normal body temperature is between 36.1 °C and 37.2 °C

Work out the percentage of the patients visiting the doctor's surgery that had a normal body temperature.

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

.....

%





11 44200 fans attend a football match.

Each of the fans supports either the home or away team.

The number of fans who support the home team is 8% more than the number of fans who support the away team.

Work out the percentage of fans attending the match that supported the **away** team. Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

(Total for Question 11 is 4 marks)

12 The equation of line L_1 is y = 2x + 1The equation of line L_2 is 4y + 2x = 22

Show that these two lines are perpendicular.

(Total for Question 12 is 2 marks)





© 2025 1stclassmaths









© 2025 1stclassmaths



17 The height of a cylinder is 9 m (to the nearest metre).



The cylinder exerts a force of 4.3×10^5 Newtons (to 2 significant figures) onto a floor. The pressure between the cylinder and the floor is 6000 N/m² (to 1 significant figure).

Calculate the upper bound for the **volume** of the cylinder. Give your answer to 5 significant figures.

(Total for Question 17 is 5 marks)



18 A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O.



Angle ABC: Angle CDA = 3:1Angle ABC: Angle CAD = 9:5Angle ADO: Angle CDO = n:1

Work out the value of *n*.

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

n = _____

Video Solutions





15





© 2025 1stclassmaths



P is the point on the line *OA* such that OP : OA = 3 : 5*M* is the midpoint of *PB Q* is the point on the line *OB* such that *MQ* is parallel to *AB*.

OQ: QB = k: 1

Work out the value of *k*.

k = ______(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS