Surds and Brackets

REVISE THIS
TOPIC
SCAN ME

$$
1 \text { Expand and simplify } \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{6}+5) ~ 子 \begin{aligned}
& \\
& \begin{aligned}
& 18 \\
&= \sqrt{3} \\
&= \sqrt{2}+5 \sqrt{3} \\
&= 3 \times \sqrt{2}+5 \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}
\end{aligned}
$$

2 Expand and simplify $\sqrt{5}(3-\sqrt{10})$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 \sqrt{5}-\sqrt{50} \\
= & 3 \sqrt{5}-\sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{2} \\
= & 3 \sqrt{5}-5 \times \sqrt{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

? Expand
(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)
3 Expand and simplify $\sqrt{8}(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5})$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{16}+\sqrt{40} \\
= & 4+\sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{10} \\
= & 4+2 \times \sqrt{10}
\end{aligned}
$$

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)
4 Expand and simplify $\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{2})$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{48}+\sqrt{12} \\
= & \sqrt{16} \times \sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{3} \\
= & 4 \sqrt{3}+2 \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

5 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{2}+1)(\sqrt{2}+3)$

$$
2+3 \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+3
$$

$$
5+4 \sqrt{2}
$$

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)
6 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{5}-2)(\sqrt{5}+6)$

$$
5+6 \sqrt{5}-2 \sqrt{5}-12
$$


(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)
7 Expand and simplify $(7-\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{2}+10)$

$$
7 \sqrt{2}+70-2-10 \sqrt{2}
$$

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)
8 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{11}+1)^{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (\sqrt{11}+1)(\sqrt{11}+1) \\
= & 11+\sqrt{11}+\sqrt{11}+1
\end{aligned}
$$

9 Expand and simplify $(3 \sqrt{6}+4)(2 \sqrt{6}-5)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 \sqrt{36}-15 \sqrt{6}+8 \sqrt{6}-20 \\
= & 6 \times 6-7 \sqrt{6}-20 \\
= & 36-7 \sqrt{6}-20
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
16-7 \sqrt{6}
$$

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)
10 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{2})$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6-\sqrt{12}+\sqrt{12}-2 \\
= & 6-2
\end{aligned}
$$


(Total for Question 10 is 2 marks)
$11(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{10}-2)=k \sqrt{2}$ where $k$ is an integer.
Work out the value of $k$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{50}-2 \sqrt{5}+\sqrt{20}-2 \sqrt{2} \\
= & \sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{2}-2 \sqrt{5}+\sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{5}-2 \sqrt{2} \\
= & 5 \sqrt{2}-2 \sqrt{5}+2 \sqrt{5}-2 \sqrt{2} \\
= & 3 \sqrt{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
k=
$$

$\qquad$
(Total for Question 11 is $\mathbf{3}$ marks)
$12(2 \sqrt{3}+5)(3 \sqrt{3}+5)=a+b \sqrt{3}$ where $a$ and $b$ are integers.
Work out the values of $a$ and $b$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 \sqrt{9}+10 \sqrt{3}+15 \sqrt{3}+25 \\
= & 18+25 \sqrt{3}+25 \\
= & 43+25 \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a=\quad 43 \\
& b=\quad 25
\end{aligned}
$$

$13 \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{8}+5)+5(3-\sqrt{18})=x-y \sqrt{2}$ where $x$ and $y$ are integers.
Work out the values of $x$ and $y$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{16}+5 \sqrt{2}+15-5 \sqrt{18} \\
= & 4+5 \sqrt{2}+15-5 \times \sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{2} \\
= & 4+5 \sqrt{2}+15-5 \times 3 \times \sqrt{2} \\
= & 4+5 \sqrt{2}+15-15 \sqrt{2} \\
= & 19-10 \sqrt{2}
\end{aligned}
$$


(Total for Question 13 is $\mathbf{4}$ marks)
$143 \sqrt{5}(\sqrt{15}+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{24})=p+q \sqrt{3}$ where $p$ and $q$ are integers. Work out the values of $p$ and $q$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 \sqrt{75}+3 \sqrt{25}+\sqrt{48}+\sqrt{144} \\
= & 3 \times \sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{3}+3 \times 5+\sqrt{16} \times \sqrt{3}+12 \\
= & 15 \sqrt{3}+15+4 \sqrt{3}+12 \\
= & 27+19 \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& p=127 \\
& q=19
\end{aligned}
$$

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)
15 Expand and simplify $(\sqrt{3}+4)^{3}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (\sqrt{3}+4)(\sqrt{3}+4)(\sqrt{3}+4) \\
= & (3+4 \sqrt{3}+4 \sqrt{3}+16)(\sqrt{3}+4) \\
= & (19+8 \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}+4) \\
= & 19 \sqrt{3}+76+24+32 \sqrt{3} \\
= & 100+51 \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$
(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

16 Show clearly that $(\sqrt{3}+2)^{2}+(5-2 \sqrt{3})^{2}-(8-\sqrt{3})^{2}$ is equal to an integer.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (\sqrt{3}+2)^{2}=3+2 \sqrt{3}+2 \sqrt{3}+4=7+4 \sqrt{3} \\
& (5-2 \sqrt{3})^{2}=25-10 \sqrt{3}-10 \sqrt{3}+12=37-20 \sqrt{3} \\
& (8-\sqrt{3})^{2}=64-8 \sqrt{3}-8 \sqrt{3}+3=67-16 \sqrt{3} \\
& (7+4 \sqrt{3})+(37-20 \sqrt{3})-(67-16 \sqrt{3}) \\
& =7+4 \sqrt{3}+37-20 \sqrt{3}-67+16 \sqrt{3} \\
& =-23 \text { (integer) }
\end{aligned}
$$

$17 \frac{\sqrt{10}(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{10})+\sqrt{3}(5 \sqrt{12}+\sqrt{15})}{(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{2})}=a+\sqrt{5} \quad$ where $a$ is an integer.
Work out the value of $a$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{\sqrt{20}+10+5 \sqrt{36}+\sqrt{45}}{7-2 \sqrt{7}+2 \sqrt{7}-2} & =\frac{2 \sqrt{5}+10+30+3 \sqrt{5}}{5} \\
& =\frac{40+5 \sqrt{5}}{5} \\
& =8+\sqrt{5}
\end{aligned}
$$

