

Rationalising the Denominator

REVISE THIS TOPIC

CHECK YOUR ANSWERS



1 Show that $\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ where a and b are integers.



For the entire booklet —

(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)

Show that $\frac{18}{\sqrt{6}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)

Show that $\frac{70}{\sqrt{2}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

Show that $\frac{20}{\sqrt{10}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ where a and b are integers.



(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)



5 Show that $\frac{24}{\sqrt{15}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{a\sqrt{15}}{b}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

6 Show that $\frac{35}{4\sqrt{5}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{a\sqrt{5}}{b}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

7 Show that $\frac{1}{9\sqrt{2}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{a}$ where a is an integer.

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

8 Show that $\frac{60}{\sqrt{24}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ where a and b are integers

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)

9 Show that $\frac{24}{\sqrt{45}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{a\sqrt{5}}{b}$ where a and b are integers.



(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)



10 Show that $\frac{10-\sqrt{32}}{\sqrt{2}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{2}-b$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

11 Show that $\frac{\sqrt{12}+9}{\sqrt{3}}$ can be written in the form $a+b\sqrt{3}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)

12 Show that $\frac{\sqrt{180} + 40}{\sqrt{20}}$ can be written in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$ where a and b are integers.



(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)





13 Show that $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^5$ can be written in the form $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{a}$ where a is an integer.

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

14 Show that $\frac{24}{\sqrt{6}} + \sqrt{54}$ can be written in the form $k\sqrt{6}$ where k is an integer.

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

15 Show that $\frac{42}{\sqrt{18}} + \sqrt{200}$ can be written in the form $k\sqrt{2}$ where k is an integer.



(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

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16 Show that $\frac{21}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{12}{\sqrt{48}}$ can be written in the form $k\sqrt{3}$ where k is an integer.

(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 Show that $20 \times \sqrt{3\frac{1}{5}}$ can be written in the form $k\sqrt{5}$ where k is an integer.

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

18 Show that $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{10}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{a}$ where a is an integer.



(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

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19 Show that $\frac{1}{3-\sqrt{2}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{a+\sqrt{2}}{b}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

20 Show that $\frac{7}{2+\sqrt{3}}$ can be written in the form $a-b\sqrt{3}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)

21 Show that $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}-2}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{3} + b\sqrt{2}$ where a and b are integers.



(Total for Question 21 is 3 marks)







22 Show that $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3-2\sqrt{2}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{5}+b\sqrt{10}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)

23 Show that $\frac{\sqrt{45} + \sqrt{5}}{3 + \sqrt{10}}$ can be written in the form $a\sqrt{2} - b\sqrt{5}$ where a and b are integers.

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

24 Show that $\frac{8-\sqrt{12}}{5-\sqrt{3}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{a-\sqrt{3}}{b}$ where a and b are integers.



(Total for Question 24 is 4 marks)