

## Composite Functions



## REVISE THIS **TOPIC**

f(x) = 3x + 4

$$g(x) = x + 10$$

$$h(x) = x^2$$



(a) Work out fg(x)

Give your answer in the form ax + b where a and b are integers

$$fg(x) = 3(x+10)+4$$
=  $3x + 30 + 4$ 
=  $3x + 34$ 

$$fg(x) = 3x + 34$$

(b) Work out gf(x)

Give your answer in the form ax + b where a and b are integers

$$gf(x) = 3x + 4 + 10$$
  
=  $3x + 14$ 

$$gf(x) = 3x + 4$$

(a) Work out gh(x)

$$gh(x) = x^2 + 10$$



(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)









2 
$$f(x) = x - 3$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$h(x) = 10x$$



(a) Work out fg(*x*) Fully simplify your answer.

$$fg(x) = x^2 + 1 - 3$$
  
=  $x^2 - 2$ 

$$fg(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2}{(2)}$$

(b) Work out hg(x)Fully simplify your answer.

$$hg(x) = 10(x^2 + 1)$$
  
= 10x2 + 10

$$hg(x) = \frac{10x^2 + 10}{(2)}$$

(c) Work out gh(x) Fully simplify your answer.

$$gh(x) = (10x)^{2} + 1$$
  
=  $100x^{2} + 1$ 



$$gh(x) = \frac{100 x^2 + 1}{(2)}$$

(Total for Question 2 is 6 marks)

$$3 \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{4}$$

$$g(x) = 4x - 8$$

$$h(x) = \sqrt{x}$$



(a) Work out fg(x)Fully simplify your answer.

$$fg(x) = \frac{4x-8}{4}$$

$$= x-2$$

$$fg(x) = \frac{x - \lambda}{(2)}$$

(b) Work out gf(x)Fully simplify your answer.

$$gf(x) = 4\left(\frac{x}{4}\right) - 8$$
$$= x - 8$$

$$gf(x) = \underbrace{X - \underbrace{X}_{(2)}}_{(2)}$$

(c) Work out hf(*x*) Fully simplify your answer.

$$hf(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x}{4}}$$
$$= \sqrt{x}$$



(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)



4 
$$f(x) = x - 5$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 30$$



(a) Work out fg(*x*) Fully simplify your answer.

$$fg(x) = x^2 + 30 - 5$$
  
=  $x^2 + 15$ 

$$fg(x) = x^2 + 25$$

(b) Work out fg(3)

$$fg(x) = x^2 + 25$$
  
 $fg(3) = 3^2 + 25$   
 $= 9 + 25$ 

34

(c) Work out gf(x)Give your answer in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c$  where a, b and c are integers.

$$gf(x) = (x-5)^{2} + 30$$

$$= (x-5)(x-5) + 30$$

$$= x^{2}-5x-5x+25+30$$

$$= x^{2}-(0x+55)$$



$$gf(x) = x^2 - 10x + 55$$

(Total for Question 4 is 7 marks)

5 
$$f(x) = 2x + 1$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$$



(a) Work out g(13)

$$g(13) = \sqrt{13+3}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{16}$ 

4

(b) Work out fg(13)

$$fg(13) = f(4)$$
  
= 2(4)+1

9

(c) Work out gf(16)

$$9f(x) = \sqrt{2x+1+3} \qquad 9f(16) = \sqrt{2(16)+4}$$
$$= \sqrt{36}$$
$$= \sqrt{2x+4}$$

6

(*4*)

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)



**6** 
$$f(x) = x + 2$$

$$g(x) = x^3$$

$$h(x) = \sqrt{x}$$



(a) Work out gf(3)

$$gf(x) = (x+2)^3$$
  
 $gf(3) = (3+2)^3$   
= 5<sup>3</sup>

125

(b) Work out gh(x)

Give your answer in the form  $x^k$  where k is a fraction.

$$gh(x) = (x^{1/2})^{3}$$

$$= (x^{1/2})^{3}$$

$$= x^{3/2}$$

 $gh(x) = \underbrace{\chi^{3/2}}_{(2)}$ 

(c) Work out gf(x)

Give your answer in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$  where a, b, c and d are integers.

$$gf(x) = (x+2)^{3}$$

$$= (x+2)(x+2)(x+2)$$

$$= (x^{2}+2x+2x+4)(x+2)$$

$$= (x^{2}+4x+4)(x+2)$$

$$= x^{3}+2x^{2}+4xc^{2}+8x+4xc+8$$



$$gf(x) = \chi^3 + 6\chi^2 + 12\chi + 8$$

(Total for Question 6 is 7 marks)

7 
$$f(x) = 2^x$$

$$g(x) = 1 - x$$

$$h(x) = 2 + x$$



(a) Work out gf(-3)

$$gf(x) = 1 - 2^{x}$$
  
 $gf(-3) = 1 - 2^{-3}$ 

$$2^{-3} = \frac{1}{2^3}$$
 $|-\frac{1}{8}|$ 

78

hg(x) - gh(x) = k where k is an integer.

(b) Find the value of k. 
$$hg(x) = 2 + (1-x) gh(x) = 1 - (2+x)$$
$$= 2 + 1 - x$$
$$= 3 - x$$
$$= -1 - x$$

$$hg(x) - gh(x) = (3-x) - (-1-x)$$
= 3-x+1+x
<sub>k=</sub>
4

(c) Show that  $\frac{fh(x)}{fg(x)} = 2^{ax+b}$  where a and b are integers.

$$fh(x) = 2^{2+x}$$

$$fg(x) = 2^{1-x}$$

$$fg(x) = 2^{1-x}$$

$$= 2^{(2+x)-(1-x)}$$

$$= 2^{(2+x)-(1-x)}$$

$$= 2^{(2+x)-(1-x)}$$

$$= 2^{(2+x)-(1-x)}$$



(Total for Question 7 is 9 marks)