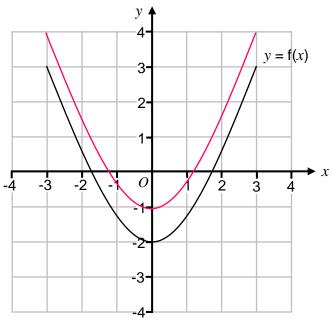


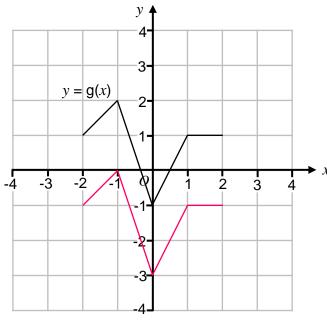
## Transformations of Graphs



## REVISE THIS TOPIC

1 The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown on the grids below.





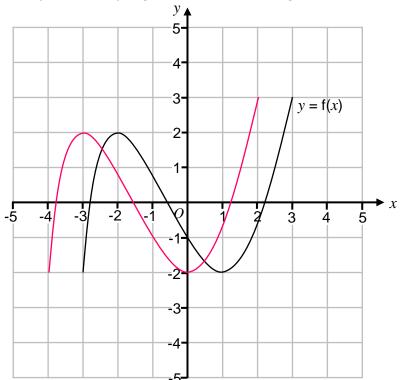
**1** (a) Draw the graph of y = f(x) + 1 onto the first grid.

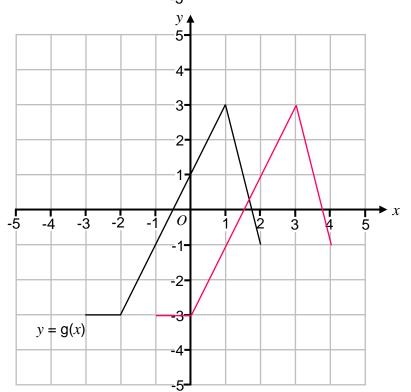
[1 mark]

**1 (b)** Draw the graph of y = g(x) - 2 onto the second grid.

[1 mark]

**2** The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown on the grids below.





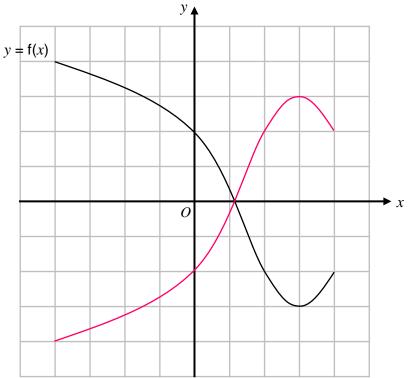
**2** (a) Draw the graph of y = f(x + 1) onto the first grid.

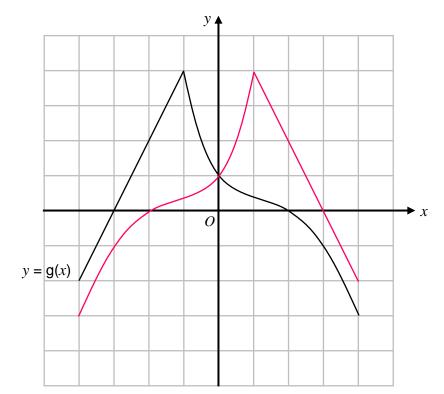
[1 mark]

**2 (b)** Draw the graph of y = g(x - 2) onto the second grid.

[1 mark]

**3** The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown on the grids below.





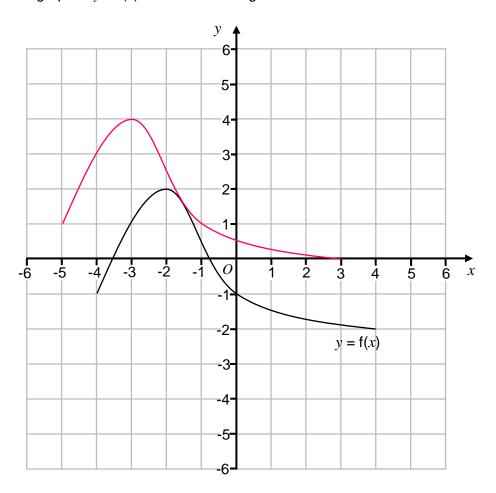
3 (a) Draw the graph of y = -f(x) onto the first grid.

**3 (b)** Draw the graph of y = g(-x) onto the second grid.

[1 mark]

[1 mark]

**4** The graph of y = f(x) is shown on the grid below.



4 (a) Draw the graph of y = f(x + 1) + 2 onto the grid above.

[2 marks]

**4 (b)** Point A(-2, 2) is on the graph y = f(x)

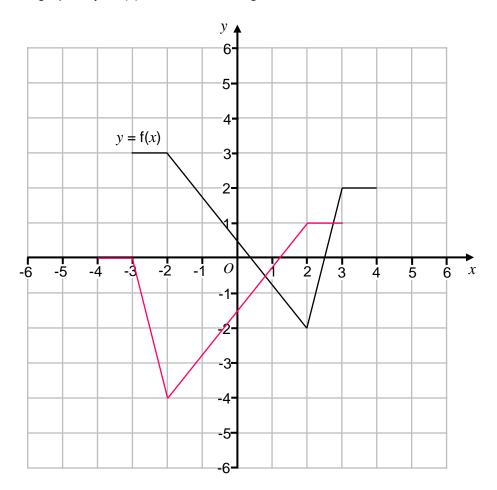
When the graph of y = f(x) is transformed to the graph with equation y = f(-x) the point A is mapped to point B.

Write down the coordinates of point  ${\it B}$ .

[1 mark]



5 The graph of y = f(x) is shown on the grid below.



**5** (a) Draw the graph of y = f(-x) - 2 onto the grid above.

[2 marks]

**5 (b)** Point A(4, 2) is on the graph y = f(x)

When the graph of y = f(x) is transformed to the graph with equation y = -f(x + 7) the point A is mapped to point B.

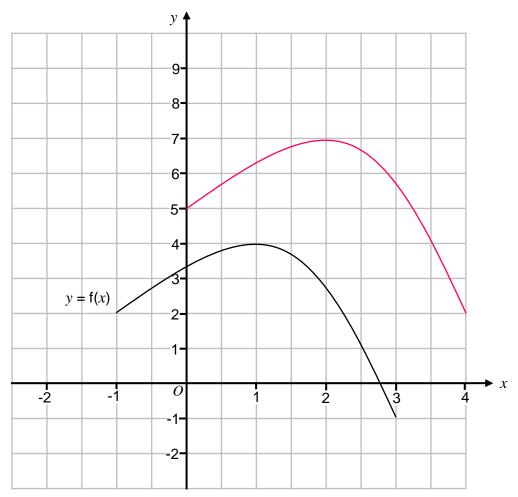
Write down the coordinates of point  ${\it B}$ .

[2 marks]

Answer (-3, -2)



6 The graph of y = f(x) is shown on the grid below.



**6** (a) Draw the graph of y = f(x - 1) + 3 onto the grid above.

[2 marks]

**6 (b)** Point A(3, -1) is on the graph y = f(x)

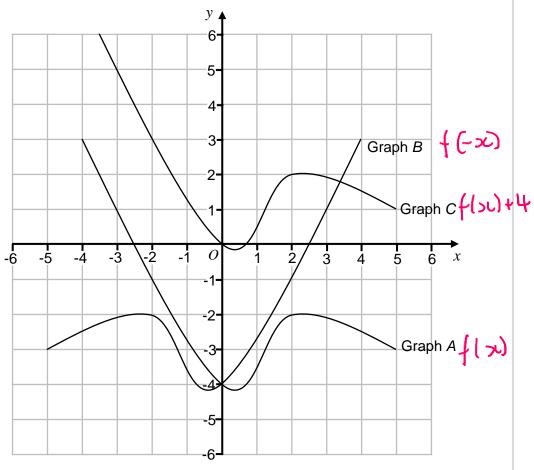
When the graph of y = f(x) is transformed to the graph with equation y = -f(-x) the point A is mapped to point B.

Write down the coordinates of point  ${\it B}$ .

[2 marks]



7 The grid below shows the graphs A, B and C.



On the grid above

graph A has been reflected to give graph B. graph A has been translated to give graph C.

The equation of graph A is y = f(x)

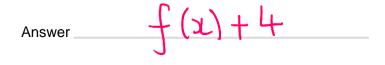
7 (a) Write down an equation of graph B.

[1 mark]

Answer 
$$\int (- ) c$$

**7 (b)** Write down an equation of graph *C*.

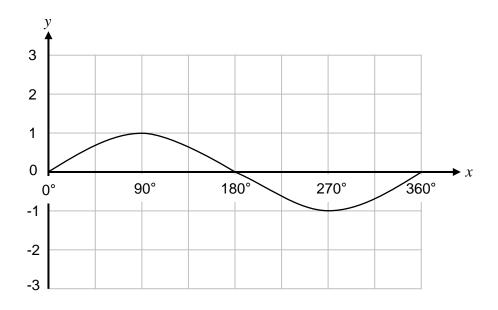
[2 marks]







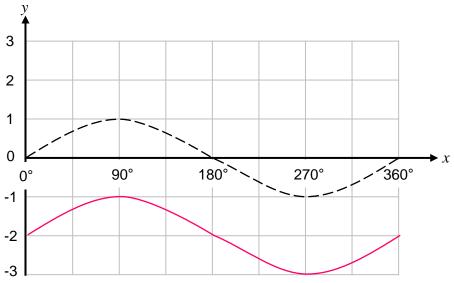
8 Here is the graph of  $y = \sin x$  for  $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 360^{\circ}$ 



In parts (a), (b) and (c) the graph of  $y = \sin x$  is shown as a dashed line.

**8** (a) On the grid below sketch the graph of  $y = \sin x - 2$  for  $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$ 

[1 mark]

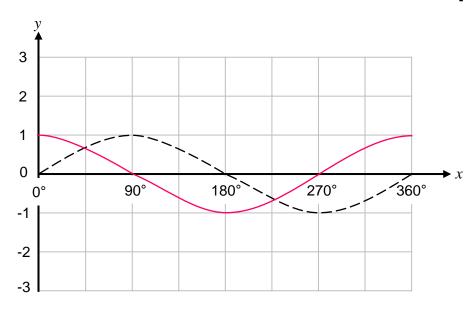




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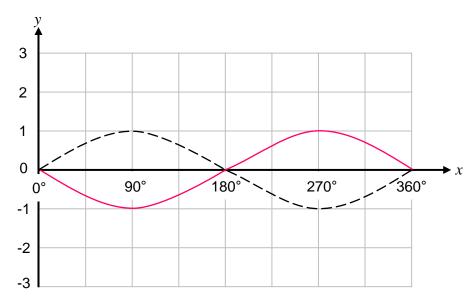
**8 (b)** On the grid below sketch the graph of  $y = \sin(x + 90^\circ)$  for  $0^\circ \le x \le 360^\circ$ 

[1 mark]



**8** (c) On the grid below sketch the graph of  $y = -\sin x$  for  $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 360^{\circ}$ 

[1 mark]





**9** The graph of  $y = 3x^2 + 2x - 5$  is reflected in the *x*-axis.

The reflected graph has equation y = f(x)

Work out f(x).

Give your answer in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c$  where a, b and c are integers.

[2 marks]

$$-(3x^{2}+2x-5)$$

$$=-3x^{2}-2x+5$$

$$-3x^2-2x+5$$

The graph of  $y = x^2 + 5$  is translated 3 units to the left.

The translated graph has equation y = f(x)

f(x+3)

Work out f(x).

Give your answer in the form  $x^2 + ax + b$  where a and b are integers. [3 marks]

$$(x+3)^{2}+5$$
=  $x^{2}+6x+9+5$ 
=  $x^{2}+6x+14$ 

Answer  $x^2 + 6x + 14$ 



The graph of  $y = 2x^2 - 5x + 3$  is reflected in the y-axis.

The reflected graph has equation y = f(x)

Work out f(x).

Give your answer in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c$  where a, b and c are integers. [2 marks]

$$2(-x)^{2} - 5(-x) + 3$$

$$= 2x^{2} + 5x + 3$$

Answer 
$$2x^2 + 5x + 3$$

The graph of  $y = x^3 - 5$  is translated 2 units to the right.

The translated graph has equation y = f(x)

T

Work out f(x).

$$f(x-2)$$

Give your answer in the form  $x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c$  where a, b and c are integers.

[4 marks]

$$(x-2)^3-5$$

$$=(x^2-4x+4)(x-2)-5$$

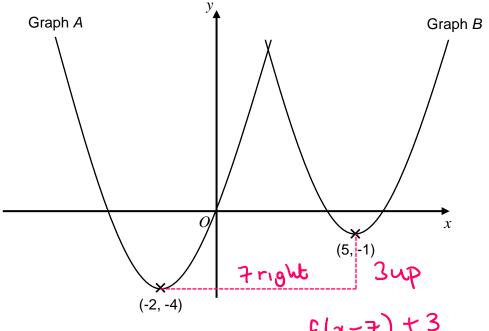
$$= x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x - 2x^2 + 8x - 8 - 5$$

$$= x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 13$$

Answer  $x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 13$ 



13 Here are sketches of two graphs.



Graph A has equation  $y = x^2 + 4x$ 

Graph A is translated to give graph B so that the turning point (-2, -4) on graph A is mapped to the point (5, -1) on graph B.

Work out an equation for graph B.

Give your answer in the form  $x^2 + ax + b$  where a and b are integers. [4 marks]

$$(x-7)^{2} + 4(x-7) + 3$$

$$= x^{2} - 10x + 24$$

 $x^2 - 10x + 24$ Answer





The graph of  $y = 10 - 2x^2$  is translated 3 units to the right and 1 unit up. The translated graph has equation y = f(x)

Work out f(x).

Give your answer in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c$  where a, b and c are integer [4 marks]

$$= 10 - 2(x-3)^{2} + 1$$

$$= 10 - 2(x^{2} - 6x + 9) + 1$$

$$= 10 - 2x^{2} + 12x - 18 + 1$$

$$= -2x^2 + 12x - 7$$

Answer  $-2x^2+12x-7$ 

